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Wheelersburg Baptist Church 8/27/17 John 15:5-8 "I Am the Vine"—part two^{** 1}

Main Idea: In John 15:5-8 Jesus gives the promise of a fruitful life. The promise involves two factors, some guaranteed results and some vital responsibilities.

I. Jesus' promise involves results (5-6).

- A. The person who abides in Christ will produce fruit (5).
 - 1. Abiding in Christ involves accepting Jesus as personal Savior.
 - 2. Abiding in Christ involves continued fellowship with Christ.
- B. The person who does NOT abide in Christ will NOT produce fruit (6).
- **To abide in Christ is to be connected to Christ and purposefully depend on Him for everything.
- II. Jesus' promise involves responsibilities (7-8).
 - A. It takes contact (7a).
 - 1. Jesus doesn't tell us to bear fruit here.
 - 2. He tells us to abide, to abide in Him.
 - B. It takes communication (7b).
 - 1. This involves the Word.
 - 2. This involves prayer.
 - C. It takes commitment (8).
 - 1. We don't exist for ourselves.
 - 2. We exist for Him.

Application: Three questions to ask yourself...

- 1. Do I believe Jesus' promise?
- 2. Am I experiencing Jesus' promise?
- 3. What needs to change in light Jesus' promise?

Scripture Reading: Matthew 7:13-23

I have good news for you today. It's something Jesus said that has the power to transform our lives, and that's an understatement.

If a man remains in Me, and I in him, he will bear much fruit. That's a promise, an absolute guarantee from the Lord who gave His life for you. So you can trust it fully.

It's also a conditional promise. As we turn to John 15, notice the *if*. In fact, notice the *ifs* plural in this section. Verse 5, *if* a man remains in Me. And verse 6, *if* anyone does not remain in Me. And verse 7, *if* you remain in Me. This promise has some conditions to it, so we must not only trust it, but obey it.

But the outcome is staggering! He will bear much fruit.

That's our desire, isn't it? To experience a fruitful life? We don't want a barren life. We were made to produce something, fruit, that results in God's glory and our joy.

And we're looking at the path to it right here, a promise from Jesus Himself.

You say, "I've wasted my life. It's too late to be fruitful, isn't it?"

Listen to Jesus. *If a man remains in Me, and I in him, he will bear much fruit.* "But," you say, "I'm just an ordinary person, a sinner, in fact."

It makes no difference. The key to fruitfulness isn't something you bring to the table. It comes from the one who says, "I am the vine." It's His work, and it's His promise to you.

You say, "How can I experience it?"

^{**}Note: This is an unedited manuscript of a message preached at Wheelersburg Baptist Church. It is provided to prompt your continued reflection on the practical truths of the Word of God.

¹ For an earlier development of this passage, see the sermon preached in the Gospel of John series at WBC in 2014.

Let's find out. To begin, we need to put this promise in its context. As we come to John 15, we find Jesus teaching His followers about life in the vine. Last week, as we explored verses 1-4, we saw three things.

First, life in the vine is a **picture**. "I am the true vine," said Jesus in verse 1. Israel was chosen to be a vine, but like every sinner since Adam, Israel failed to produce as God intended. Israel became a degenerate vine. But in His grace, God sent Jesus to take the sinner's place. He is the *true* vine.

Secondly, we learned that life in the vine involves **pruning** (1-3). This pruning is the Father's task, and it involves drastic, radical action. *My Father is the gardener*. He *cuts* and *takes away* fruitless branches. He also *cuts* and *prunes* fruitful branches so they will produce even more fruit.

And that's what Jesus says He's been doing with the Eleven in verse 3. *You are already clean (i.e. pruned) because of the word I have spoken to you.* My word just cut off Judas, and my word has pruned you for even greater fruitfulness that will result from my work on the cross, triumph in the tomb, and victorious return to heaven.

Most of us aren't as familiar with vines as the disciples were, so we need a little background to help us appreciate what Jesus is saying.² Vines were popular in Jesus' day, as they still are in Israel. A vine needs lots of attention if it's to be fruitful. It grows rapidly. I read that a gardener would plant new starts 12' apart, because they spread so quickly. A new vine is not allowed to produce fruit for the first three years, and each year it's cut back severely to conserve the plant's life and energy. A plant basically has two types of branches, one that bears fruit, and one that does not. A vine will not reach its potential unless the gardener gets rid of the non-productive branches. There's no fruit without pruning.

If you are a Christian, you can expect your heavenly Father to prune you, because He loves you and is interested in a maximum harvest. His intent is to form a people just like His Son (Rom. 8:29), and His goal for you is to shape you so you resemble His Son. To accomplish this He uses *pruning*.

When the Father prunes us He eliminates things that will keep us from Christlikeness. Pruning is His work.

So if the Father takes care of the pruning, what's our responsibility in the fruit-bearing process? It's what Jesus addressed next in verse 4.

Purposeful reliance. *Remain in Me, and I will remain in you*. That's all I ask of you. Just remain in Me. I'll take care of the rest.

That's it? Surely, there's more to it! From looking at the book titles, that's what you'd conclude. *Five keys. Twelve steps. Seven habits.* Not so, says Jesus. Just one. *Remain in me.* That's it.

And lest we miss the simplicity of it all, He puts it in the form of a promise in verses 5-8, and that's what we're going to ponder this morning, the *promise of a fruitful life*.

Again, this is a remarkable promise, and it involves two things. First, the results in verses 5-6. And then the responsibilities in verses 7-8.

I. Jesus' promise involves results (5-6).

² taken from William Barclay, p. 173.

Jesus begins verse 5, "I am the vine; you are the branches." Again, in the Old Testament, God called Israel His vine (Isaiah 5). But Israel failed as a vine. Israel did not bring forth good fruit.

In stark contrast, Jesus claimed to do what Israel failed to do. He announced in verse 1, "I am the *true* vine." I am the fulfillment of what God intended for Israel. Jesus repeated this claim in verse 5. *I am the vine*.

But this time He clarified something. Who are the branches? "You are," He said. You—My disciples—are the branches.

So He is the vine. He is the source of power and vitality. His followers are the branches. His aim is to reproduce His life in and through His followers.

Now watch Jesus' next black and white statement. When it comes to fruitfulness, there are two potential results, and here is the first.

A. The person who abides in Christ will produce fruit (5). I didn't make that up. That's what the Master Himself said. "If a man remains in me and I in him, he will bear much fruit; apart from me you can do nothing."

The person who abides in Christ bears fruit. Not he *might* bear fruit, but *will*. And why is that the case? Because fruitfulness, to put it simply, is the result of Christ reproducing Himself in and through His followers.

When a branch is connected to the vine, it's tapped into the potential of the vine. In this case, we tap in to Christ Himself.

This is why abiding/remaining is so essential. We abide. He produces the fruit.

Which raises the question, what does it mean to *abide*? You'll find the word "abide" (translated "remain" in the NIV) some eleven times in chapter 15, and forty times in the entire gospel. It can mean to "remain, dwell, continue, or be present."

For instance in John 14:25 Jesus said, "All this I have spoken while still *with you*." That's the word. I've been *purposefully connected* to you.

I want you to do that with Me, says Jesus. I want you to be purposefully connected to Me, to purposefully rely on Me.

So what does this mean practically speaking, to *abide in Christ*? Two things.

1. Abiding in Christ involves accepting Jesus as personal Savior. It's not enough merely to know about Jesus. To abide in Christ, a person must believe in Jesus and put full trust in Him and what He accomplished for us. That's what Jesus indicated when He said in John 6:56, "Whoever eats my flesh and drinks my blood *remains* in me, and I in him." The Christian life begins when we choose to abide in Christ, that is, when we enter into a personal connection with Him.

2. Abiding in Christ involves continued fellowship with Christ. Again, the term carries the idea of "continuing," even "persevering." True believers persevere in believing, as Jesus indicated in John 8:31, "If you continue in My word, then you are my disciples indeed."

It's this second sense in which Jesus uses the term in 15:5. The present tense verb indicates that abiding is not a one time act, but a pattern of life.

And what happens to the person who does? Jesus says he bears *much fruit*. That's a promise, a guaranteed result.

This should encourage us, beloved. Our God is not the God of the status quo. You won't hear Him look at one of His children and say, "Well, that's good enough for

government work!" Never. He's after maximum fruit in our lives. Fruit, which leads to more fruit (2), which leads to much fruit (5).

On the other hand, there's a second potential result in this promise...

B. The person who does NOT abide in Christ will NOT produce fruit (6). Jesus says in verse 6, "If anyone does not remain in me, he is like a branch that is thrown away and withers; such branches are picked up, thrown into the fire and burned."

Have you ever severed a branch from the main stem of a vine? What happens to it? The branch wilts, shrivels up, and dies. And there's one thing, for sure, you won't get from a severed branch.

Fruit. You might get heat, in the fire, but no fruit.

So what happens to the person who does not abide in Christ? The Lord uses some shocking verbs here: *thrown away* ["cast forth" in the KJV], *withers, picked up, thrown, burned*. A pretty dismal picture.

Is Jesus talking about Christians? Is He saying a true Christian can be cut off from Him, cast forth, and thrown into the fire?

Some say yes. They say that a believer can lose His connection to Christ and therefore lose His salvation. But is that what Jesus is teaching here?

To help us understand what He means *here*, we must consider what He said *elsewhere*. When a text is unclear, we must compare Scripture with Scripture.

So let's go back to some earlier teaching sessions. For instance, in John 3:16 Jesus said, "Whoever believes in him shall *not perish* but *have eternal life*." So if a person truly believes in Jesus, this won't happen—the person won't be cut off and perish. And this will happen—the person will *have* eternal life and always will.

In John 4:14 Jesus told the woman at the well, "Whoever drinks the water I give him will never thirst. Indeed, the water I give him will become in him a spring of water welling up to *eternal life*." When a person truly receives the gift Jesus offers, it doesn't stop until the fullness of eternal life is experienced.

Later Jesus said in John 6:39, "And this is the will of him who sent me, that I shall lose none of all that he has given me, but raise them up at the last day." How many will Jesus lose? *None*.

Then in the pinnacle text, the Good Shepherd said this about His sheep, in John 10:28, "I give them *eternal* life, and they shall *never* perish; no one can snatch them out of my hand." And to make it doubly sure, He says in verse 29, "My Father, who has given them to me, is greater than all; *no one can snatch them* out of my Father's hand."

So whatever Jesus is saying in John 15:6, it's not that that a true Christian can lose his or her salvation. Jesus won't let that happen. He does not lose even one of His true sheep. When He gives a person eternal life, that's what the person experiences, *eternal* life.

So what *is* Jesus saying in John 15:6? Who are these branches that are thrown away and burned?

Keep in mind that in John 15 Jesus is using a metaphor. In the vine image, there are two types of branches.³ There are branches that bear fruit and branches that do not bear fruit. Who do these branches represent? Two types of people, both of whom have

³ Hendricksen, p. 294

contact with Jesus. Both are exposed to the His message. Both respond to His message by coming to Him, by following Him.

But upon closer inspection, it's apparent that one responds with genuine faith, which is evidenced by the production of fruit. But the other responds like Judas.

What did Judas do? He left. For three years, he looked like a disciple, from the outside. Yet in the end, he left. Literally. Just two chapters earlier John recorded in John 13:30, "As soon as Judas had taken the bread, *he went out*. And it was night."

Did Judas lose his salvation? No, he never had it in the first place. That's what Jesus Himself said in John 13:10, "And you are clean, though not every one of you."

You say, "I have a friend who 'got saved' years ago. He was really on fire. But he hasn't come to church for a long time, and he seems to have no interest in the Lord. Are you saying he isn't saved?"

Only God knows your friend's heart. Yet John gave us an important test in 1 John 2. Apparently, members of the early church were upset by a similar question. Some church members who had once been very active had left. What about them? 1 John 2:19 states, "They went out from us, but they did not really belong to us. For if they had belonged to us, they would have remained [from the Greek *meno*, "to abide or continue"] with us; but their going showed that none of them belonged to us."

A true Christian abides in Christ and therefore with Christ's people. Consequently, Christ lives through that branch and produces fruit on it for all to see.

In his commentary William Hendriksen explains, "In no sense whatever do such passages as 15:2 and 15:6 suggest that there is a falling away from grace, as if those who were once actually saved finally perish. This allegory plainly teaches that the branches which are taken away and burned represent people who never once bore fruit... Hence, they never were true believers."⁴

So let me take you back to a working definition I offered last week.

To abide in Christ is to be connected to Christ and purposefully depend on Him for everything. When I am abiding in Christ, I am allowing Him to reproduce His life in and through me.

I'm calling it *purposeful reliance*.

Why is it that abiding in Christ is vital for the disciple? It's not just to verify a connection with Christ. Jesus said in verse 5, "Apart from Me, you can do nothing." He actually used a double negative, "Without Me, you are NOT able to do NOTHING!"

We get into serious trouble when we forget that. "Oh, I can handle this," we convince ourselves. "I can do this job." Or, "I can solve this problem." Or, "I can watch television and check Facebook." In truth, if we want to see God-exalting fruit come from our lives, we must *purposefully depend on Christ for everything*.

Without Me, you can do *nothing*, not one thing of eternal significance. Oh, we can ignore Christ and apparently get by for a while. We may even do some impressive things in people's eyes.

But fruit comes from Him alone. And indeed, it does not come apart from Him. So His promise involves results. Fruit, or no fruit.

II. Jesus' promise involves responsibilities (7-8).

⁴ Hendricksen, p. 296.

Notice the change in pronouns in verse 7. In verses 5-6, Jesus states the principle: If a person remains in me he will bear fruit; if he doesn't remain, he won't. Yet in verses 7-8, Jesus states in practical terms what this principle should mean for His disciples: "If *you* remain in me." Jesus makes it personal.

So we have some responsibilities. If we are to experience the promise of fruit, it takes three things.

A. It takes contact (7a). "If you remain in Me." Stop there. Here's that word again, "remain," or "abide." How do we *abide* in Jesus? In a word, it takes contact. We need to be in constant contact with Christ.

Let me restate the obvious.

1. Jesus doesn't tell us to bear fruit here. Though that's the objective of the vine, that's not our primary responsibility. This is.

2. *He tells us to abide, to abide in Him.* Why is that? Because if we abide in Him, we can't help but bear fruit.

Are you frustrated with a lack of fruit in your life? You say, "Yes, and I want to be fruitful, but I don't how. What should I do?" The answer is simple, yet profound: Make it your priority in life to abide in Christ.

And that involves contact. Constant contact. Live as though you are connected to Christ, which you are if He is your Savior.

My heart aches when I counsel fruitless Christians who seem confused as to why they're living in frustration. They're often convinced the problem is *out there*. And this is why my heart breaks. Their lack of fruit has nothing to do with what others are doing, or not doing, to or for them. It's because of what's *not* happening in here.

They're not in constant contact with the one who says, "I am the Vine," and they're not in constant contact because they've made it, rather *Him*, such a low priority in their lives.

Contact with Jesus does not just happen. Jesus says something is needed.

B. It takes communication (7b). "If you remain in me *and my words remain in you.*" There's a vital link between abiding in Christ and communicating with Christ. If we don't communicate, we don't abide. No communication, no intimacy. No communication, no fruit.

How do we communicate with Christ? As in any relationship, good communication involves a two-way dialogue. First of all...

1. This involves the Word. Christ speaks to us through His Word. "If my words remain in you," He said.

Friends, the Bible is essential for fruitfulness. If we're going to have Christ's words abiding in us, we need to saturate our minds with the Scriptures. Listening to sermons is good. And so is reading good books. But friends, there's no substitute for having a personal, consistent intake of *the Book*, the Word of God.

Do you know how to nourish your soul with God's Word, or are you dependent upon others to do it for you? If you're your scriptural intake depends solely on others, it's time to learn how to feed your soul.

Here are a couple of practical suggestions. The first simply is this. *Read* God's Word systematically every morning. Don't just go to certain favorite passages, or you're growth will lack balance. Pick a book in the Bible and read a chapter a day until you

finish the book. Then move to another book, then another, then another. Keep in mind, you're reading to get to know better the Person who revealed Himself in this book.

The second is *Scripture memory*. You say, "I can't memorize." Not without investing some time, for sure. Do you know your phone number? You probably know several. Why? Repetition. You kept going over it until you got it. Jesus said, "If my words *remain* in you." The psalmist said, "I have hidden your word in my heart that I might not sin against you (Ps 119:11)."

But don't stop with reading and memorizing. *Meditate* on Jesus' words. Think about what He has to say about life, relationships, money, the future, and everything else. Let His words abide in you.

But there's another side to this communication. There's listening, and there's talking...

2. *This involves prayer*. What did Jesus say happens when we abide in Him and His words abide in us? Verse 7 concludes, "If you remain in me and my words remain in you, *ask whatever you wish*, and it will be given you."

This is staggering. The word rendered "ask" is one of the strongest Greek words regarding prayer. Commentator G. Campbell Morgan says it means "demand your due."⁵

Have you ever felt, "I don't know what to pray"? Think about what Jesus is saying. If I'm abiding in Him, and His Word is abiding in me, whatever I pray will please Him. And He will grant it to me.

Friends, prayer becomes natural when we're abiding in Christ. I don't think most of us grasp the power in what Jesus is saying here. Listen to the LB paraphrase, "But if you stay in Me and obey My commands, you may ask any request you like, and it will be granted!" What an awesome offer!

Verses 5-6 offer a great picture of what Jesus intends for us His disciples. We're to abide in Him. We're to allow His Words to abide in us. We're to pray. We're to see answered prayer.

Does this represent your life? If we are to experience the promise of fruitfulness, it takes *contact*—are you connected to the Savior? Are you consciously relying on Him, purposefully depending on Him as you walk through life? It also takes *communication*—are you carving out time daily to be in His Word? Are you praying about the things He shows you in His Word? Are you consciously laying before Him the things you're facing in your life?

This brings us to a third responsibility.

C. It takes commitment (8). A specific commitment. "This is to my Father's glory [more literally, "In this is my Father glorified"], that you bear much fruit, showing yourselves to be my disciples."

The word "glorify" is a marvelous word. It comes from the Hebrew word *kabhod* which means "weight, heavy." To glorify God means to make God's reputation weighty, to give credibility to Him. The Greek word for glory is *doxas* from which we get our word "doxology." Glory and reputation go hand in hand.

When we raise God's reputation in the eyes of others, we glorify God. When we distract from, or discredit God's reputation, we do not glorify God.

Herein lies what should be our highest ambition in life. Our greatest commitment to glorify God. The Westminster Shorter Catechism asks the question, "What is the chief

⁵ P. 254.

end of man?" The answer, "The chief end of man is to glorify God, and enjoy Him forever."

We have been created to glorify God. We have been redeemed to glorify God (Eph 1:6). That means two fundamental realities...

1. We don't exist for ourselves. Life is not about me and my agenda. Rather...

2. We exist for Him.

Paul summed it up this way in 1 Corinthians 6:19-20, "You are not your own; ²⁰ you were bought at a price. Therefore honor ["glorify," from *doxazo*] God with your body."

You say, "Okay, I want to glorify God, but how practically do I do it?"

Notice Jesus' answer in verse 8, "*This* is to my Father's glory." What is? "That you bear much fruit." What is fruit? Remember, fruit is the product of the plant. A peach tree produces peaches. A grape vine grapes. An apple tree apples.

What do Christians produce? Christ. Or I should say, Christ produces Christ in the followers of Christ.

First, it happens in *Christlikeness*. "The fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, goodness, faithfulness, meekness, self-control (Gal 5:22-23)."

But Christ doesn't just reproduce Christ *in* His followers, but *through* them. Not just Christlikeness, but more Christians.

So fruit is Christ reproducing Himself in us and through us, to the glory of God the Father. That's the evidence of being connected to Christ.

And don't miss this. Jesus' words here indicate that He intends to produce this evidence, this *fruit*, in the life of every branch connected to Him. This is His purpose, His *promise*.

The promise of fruit that causes the name of God to receive glory.

Application: Three questions to ask yourself...

1. Do I believe Jesus' promise?

One way to show you do is to memorize it. I encourage you to hide John 15:5-8 in your heart and pray in light of it.

2. Am I experiencing Jesus' promise?

Is God's reputation enhanced because of the way you work your job? Is Christ living through you? How about in the way you relate to your family members, or classmates at school? Do people look at you and conclude, "God sure is great! I see what He's doing in your life. I keep noticing the fruit of His Son being reproduced in and through you."

Let's back up. Is this your prayer request? Is this what you're asking God to do in your life? It's all of grace. You can't produce this kind of God-exalting life.

That's why God sent His Son into the world in the first place, because we have fallen short of His glory, and gone our own way. It's why Jesus came as *the true vine*, why He lived a perfect life as a substitute, then died on a cross, again as a substitute in the place of every person who would believe in Him. And He conquered death for their benefit, so that through Him they might experience life that is abundant, fruitful, and eternal.

Friends, not every branch bears a bumper crop. But where's there's life, there's always fruit.⁶ We have His promise on that!

3. What needs to change in light Jesus' promise?

⁶ Wiersbe, p. 356.